The Successful	Image: constrained of the second of the se	
 <i>This student</i> Achieves Gets good grades Chooses safe activities Is eager for approval Has good academic self-concept Accepts and conforms Is a consumer of knowledge Is admired by peers Is liked by teachers 	 This student Is self-confident Has a Growth Mindset Is self-directed Works independently Is intrinsically motivated Seeks challenge Is ambitious and excited Stands up for convictions Demonstrates resiliency Is willing to take risks Is admired and accepted by peers Shows tolerance and respect for others Viewed as capable and responsible by adults Is successful in diverse environments Challenges May not view academics as a top priority May feel inhibited by time/space restrictions Susceptible to psychological strain due to success 	 This student Is highly Creative Can be impulsive Is high energy Stands up for convictions Is honest and direct Has a heightened sensitivity Perseveres when interested Is entertaining to peers Is uncertain about social rules Questions rules and policies Has a developed sense of justice
 What do these students need? To engage in productive struggle Challenging activities that push them out of comfort zone A safe environment to take risks Skill building in assertiveness and independent learning Creativity development To better understand themselves as learners Growth Mindset Freedom to make choices Subject or grade acceleration Time to pursue interests In-depth studies Mentorships Time with intellectual peers 	 What do these students need? More support, not less Guidance in direction and increased independence Support for risk-taking Opportunities related to passion areas Friends of all ages To be listened to To be listened to To be listened to 	What do these students need?• To be connected with others• Strategies to cope with potential psychological vulnerabilities• Mentorships• Vulnerabilities• Less pressure to conform• Thoughtful placement with teachers• Respect for their goals and ideas • Tolerance• To practice tact, flexibility, self-awareness, & self-control• Affirmation of strengths • Direct & clear communication • Permission to express feelings• Direct behavior

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Most people think of gifted children as those who excel in school, are well behaved, and are well liked by their peers and teachers. In reality, very few gifted students actually fit this profile, even though the majority of gifted programs are filled with this type of student. Many adults are under the false assumption that gifted students do not need additional support and will do just fine on their own. Gifted students represent a diverse group with a wide variety of needs. While each gifted child is unique and will have needs specific to their situation, these six profiles highlight the traits, challenges, and needs of gifted students as described by George Betts and Maureen Neihart (2010).

Challenges

The Twice-Exceptional The Underground

 This student Desires to belong socially Is seen as average and successful Feels conflicted, guilty, & insecure Is ambivalent about achievement Internalizes societal ambiguities and conflicts Devalues or denies talent Drops out of gifted or advanced classes Moves between peer groups Viewed as compliant 	 Challenges Diminished sense of self Views achievement behaviors as betrayal of their social group Unwilling to take risks Not connected to the teacher or the class Feelings of uncertainty and pressure Unsure of their right to feel and express emotions 	 This student Seems average or below Makes connections easily Demonstrates inconsistent work Is similar to younger students in social-emotional functioning May be disruptive or off-task Is a good problem solver Thinks conceptually Enjoys novelty and complexity Is disorganized Is slow in information processing Has poor academic self-concept 	 Prone to discouragement May not be able to cope with gifted peer group May be viewed as weird Often underestimated in their potential, and not viewed as gifted Seen only for disability 	 This student Is reckless & manipulative Has low academic achievement Is Defensive Pursues outside interests Is resentful and angry Is thrill seeking Produces inconsistent work Is often creative Criticizes self and others Will work for the relationship 	 Challenges Poor self-concept Resistive to authority Not motivated by teacher driven rewards Peers are often judgmental Seen as troubled/irresponsible May be depressed Creates crises and causes disruptions Unrealistic expectations Rebellious behaviors May be self-isolating
 What do these students net College and career planning Gifted role models Models for lifelong learning Freedom to make choices Not to be compared with siblings Build multicultural appreciation Concepts framed as societal phenomenon 	 ed? Welcoming learning environments Develop support groups Cultural Brokering Open discussions about class, racism, sexism Direct instruction of social skills 	 accommodating disability Coping strategies Recognition and confirmation of gifted abilities Skill development Monitoring for additional disorders/disabilities To learn to self-advocate 	Work on perseverance Challenge in areas of strength Provide risk-taking opportunities Teach how to set and reach realis- tic goals Direct instruction of self-regulation strategies Creative and collaborative problem solving – what will it take for this child to succeed?	 What do these students nee Safety and structure An individualized program Accountability Direction and short-term goals Professional counseling Extra-curricular activities Mentorships & in-depth studies Avoid power struggles Minimize punishments Open communication 	 • Confidence in ability to overcome obstacles • Maintain high expectations • Diagnostic testing • Non-traditional study skills • Positive home and school relationship • Academic coaching • Resilience training • Advocacy for needs

Betts, G. & Neihart, M. (2010). Revised Profiles of the Gifted & Talented. Retrieved from https://moodle.pacificu.edu/mod/assign/view.php?id=400963

The At-Risk