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But not just any action, the right action for the conduct at issue!



Why is this so important?

1 in 4 women experiences sexual assault before age 18	10% of children are targets of educator sexual misconduct before high school graduation
48% of U.S. students are	In 2010-2011, 36% of
subject to sexual	girls, 24% of boys and
harassment or assault at	30% of all students
school before graduating	grades 7-12 experienced
high school	online sexual harassment

According to a **2017 report from the Justice Department**, only

23 percent

of all sexual assaults are reported to the police.



Harassment and assault can have long lasting, detrimental effects on victims







Mattress Protest and Its Aftermath

Case of alleged rape at Columbia first yielded much sympathy for the accuser and protest, but ends with the university apologizing to the accused. The case has had on the discussion of sexual assault on campus.











Have you been involved in responding to a "Title IX Complaint"?

Think to yourself ...

Have you been involved in a student or employee issue involving unwanted conduct on the basis of sex?

Think to yourself....



What is the first word you think of when you think of "Title IX"

Think to yourself...











It Depends Who [Well, Which Law] You Ask

Employment

- Oregon Revised Statutes & OAR
- Title VII
- Title IX

Students

- Oregon Revised Statutes & OAR
- Title IX

When must a school respond to Title IX sexual harassment?

A school with actual knowledge of [Title IX] sexual harassment in an education program or activity against a person in the united States must respond When must a school respond to Title IX sexual harassment? A school with actual knowledge of [Title IX] sexual harassment in an education program or activity against a person in the united States must respond

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Reporting Sexual Harassment: Who, How and When?

- Any person may report sex discrimination, regardless of whether the person is the alleged victim of the reported conduct
- Reports can be made by mail, by telephone, or by email, using the contact information listed for the Title IX Coordinator
- Or by any means that results in the Title IX Coordinator receiving the person's report
- Such a report may be made at any time, including during non business hours, by using the telephone number or electronic mail address, or by mail to the office address listed for the Title IX Coordinator







Key Word: "Allegation" Once a school has notice of an allegation that, if true, would constitute Title IX Sexual Harassment, it must respond "Well, we didn't believe there was enough evidence it happened" does not get you past your responsibility to use your Title IX Sexual Harassment grievance process





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Title IX – What is a Hostile Environment

Old Definition

Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be severe, pervasive or persistent as to interfere with or limit a student's ability to participate in or benefit from school services, activities, or opportunities

New Definition (8/14)

Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be **so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person's equal access to the school's education program or activity**



Think to yourself ...

What is the first word you think of when you think of "severe"

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Think to yourself ...

What is the first word you think of when you think of "pervasive"

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What is the first word you think of when you think of "objectively offensive"

Think to yourself...

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Objectively Offensive Behavior that would be offensive to a reasonable person under the circumstances Not just offensive to the victim, personally or subjectively Consider ages, numbers, relationships

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Constellation of surrounding circumstances, expectations, and relationships

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Denial of Equal Access

- Need not be denial of all access
- Decline in grades may not be sufficient, but may be relevant
- Look at impact on a reasonable person—not required that the impact actually occur to the Complainant in your case

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A student makes multiple insensitive jokes to another student

Think to yourself...

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A teacher makes a sexually inappropriate comment to a student in class

Think to yourself ...

One student grabs another student's breasts during a soccer game

Think to yourself...

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One student "uses tongue" during an acting scene (in class) without permission from the other student

Think to yourself ...

A group of students of one sex post a Facebook "Hot List" about a group of opposite sex students

Think to yourself...

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Think to yourself ...

Students incessantly mock a female student for not wearing makeup saying she looks "like a boy"

Think to yourself ...


The recipient forwards the photo to 20 classmates

Think to yourself...

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Program or Activity: Any location, events, or circumstance over which the school exhibits substantial control over both the alleged harasser and the "context" in which the harassment occurred



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Mandatory if conduct alleged: Not Title IX Sexual Harassment Did not occur in the school's program or activity Did not occur in the United States

**can still address under non-Title IX policy

Permissive if:

Complainant requests to withdraw in writing Respondent's enrollment or employment ends

Specific circumstances prevent school from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determine (e.g., passage of time, lack of cooperation by complainant)

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Board Policies on Harassment

- One Policy, One Procedure
- One Policy, Two Procedures
- Two Policies/Procedures





	Adequate Respo	nse		
1 Initial Response/Supportive Measures	2 Informal Resolution (Voluntary)	3 Investigation	
4	Decision	5 Appeal		
	-			
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Title IX Coordinator (or designee) must promptly, **even if no Formal Complaint is filed**:

- Contact the Title IX Complainant to discuss the availability of "supportive measures"
- Consider the Title IX Complainant's wishes with respect to supportive measures
- Inform the Title IX Complainant of the availability of supportive measures with or without the filing of a formal complaint
- Explain the process for filing a Formal Complaint

New: Initial Response





Supportive Measures

What <u>Chang</u>ed?

OLD TERM (OCR Guidance)

- Used terms such as "interim measures" or "interim steps" to describe measures to help a complainant maintain equal educational access
- Implied only available during pendency of investigation, did not mandate offering them, not clear if could be punitive or disciplinary, and did not clarify if available to respondents

NEW TERM

(Final Rule)

- Non-punitive, individualized services, offered as appropriate and without charge to a complainant or a respondent before or after the filling of a formal complaint, or where no complaint has been filed (34. C.F.R.106.30(a)).
- Should be designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity without "unreasonably" burdening the other party
- Should be confidential



Examples of Supportive Measures

- Counseling
- Course modifications
- Schedule changes
- Increased monitoring or supervision

A supportive measure that completely removes a respondent from an activity would likely be considered punitive, except for "emergency removals" for students and "administrative leaves" for employees

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Emergency Removal/ Admin Leave

Immediate emergency removal

(34 C.F.R. 106.44(c))

- Based on an individualized safety and risk analysis
- Necessary to protect a student or other individual from immediate threat to physical health or safety
- Notice, opportunity to challenge provided "immediately" provided the removal
- Consider other laws, e.g., "change in placement" under IDEA

Employee administrative leave

(34 C.F.R. 106.44(d))

- Not prohibited
- Consider state law, board policy, handbooks, and bargaining agreements

What about Protective Orders?



Informal	Resolution

Cannot condition enrollment, employment, or any right on waiver of right to investigation and adjudication of formal complaints under grievance procedure	 Any time prior to reaching a determination, either party may request informal resolution Requires voluntary, written consent from both parties
Cannot require use of informal resolution process Cannot offer informal resolution process until formal complaint is filed Not available to resolve allegations that employee sexually harassed a student	 Any party has a right to withdraw prior to agreement







New: Formal Complaint Response 34 C.F.R. 106.45(b)

- Requires a number of specific steps for investigating
- Major shift from previous, more deferential stance toward specific policies and practices for complaint resolution

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- Written notice to known parties "upon receipt of written complaint"
- In sufficient time to allow respondent to prepare a response before any initial interview
- Must include:
 - Notice of grievance process, including any informal resolution process
 - Notice of allegations, in sufficient detail to allow respondent to prepare a response (names of known parties, conduct alleged, date and location of conduct, if known)

More Steps: Written Notice

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- Must include:
 - Statement that respondent presumed not responsible and that responsibility determined at conclusion of grievance process
 - Notice of parties' rights to have an attorney or non-attorney advisor and to inspect and review evidence
 - Notice of any provision in the code of conduct that prohibits knowingly making false statements or providing false evidence during the grievance process
- Must be supplemented if new allegations opened for investigation

More Steps: Written Notice



Written Notice: Required

- Informal resolution notice
- Notice at start of
- **Dismissal notice**
- Interview notices
- Notice why proposed questions not asked on cross and why
- Written determination and notice of appeal rights





investigate?

• But <u>should</u> it?

Coordinator

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- Before the investigatory report is completed, evidence relating to the allegations must be sent to each party and advisor and should include <u>all</u> <u>directly related evidence</u> (including that which the school does not intend to rely upon and exculpatory and inculpatory evidence)
- Parties have 10 days to provide a written response FRANCZEK































decisionmaker (complaint)

Bias, Conflicts of Interest, and Other Fairness Concerns

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Bias

The Title IX Coordinator, investigator, decisionmaker, or informal resolution facilitator must not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against Complainants or Respondents generally or for or against any individual Complainant or Respondent. And that they not prejudge any matter before them.

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Think About

What steps can you take to avoid: *Prejudgment Conflict of Interest Bias*





- Maintain records for 7 years
- Documents for each step in the process (determinations, results, etc.)
- Actions taken in response to reports, complaints

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